

TENTATIVE

All information in this technical data sheet is tentative
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5.0" 640×640

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

AA050AA11

mitsubishi
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC Corp.

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1. APPLICATION

This specification applies to color TFT-LCD module, AA050AA11.

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MITSUBISHI classifies the usage of the TFT-LCD module as follows. Please confirm the usage before using the product.

(1) Standard Usage

Computers, office equipment, factory automation equipment, test and measurement equipment, communications, transportation equipment(automobiles, ships, trains, etc.), provided, however, that operation is not influenced by TFT-LCD directly.

(2) Special Usage

Medical equipment, safety equipment, transportation equipment, provided, however, that TFT-LCD is necessary to its operation.

(3) Specific Usage

Cockpit Equipment, military systems, aerospace equipment, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and any other equipment. MITSUBISHI should make a contract that stipulate apportionment of responsibilities between MITSUBISHI and our customer.

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MITSUBISHI has been making continuous effort to improve the reliability of its products. Customers should implement sufficient reliability design of their application equipments such as redundant system design, fail-safe functions, anti-failure features.

MITSUBISHI assumes no responsibility for any damage resulting from the use of the product that does not comply with the instructions and the precautions specified in this document.

Please contact and consult a MITSUBISHI sales representative for any questions regarding this product.

2. OVERVIEW

AA050AA11 is 5.0" color TFT-LCD (Thin Film Transistor Liquid Crystal Display) module composed of LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit, and backlight unit.

By applying 6 bit or 8 bit digital data, 640 × 640, 262k-color or 16.7M-color images are displayed on the 5.0" diagonal screen. Input power voltage is 3.3 V for LCD driving.

The type of data and control signals are digital and transmitted via CMOS interface per Typ. 31.8 MHz clock cycle.

Driver circuit for LED backlight is not included in this module. General specifications are summarized in the following table:

ITEM	SPECIFICATION
Display Area (mm)	89.28(H) × 89.28(V) (5.0-inch diagonal)
Number of Dots	640 × 3 (H) × 640 (V)
Pixel Pitch (mm)	0.1395(H) × 0.1395 (V)
Color Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe
Display Mode	Normally white
Number of Color	262k(6 bit/color), 16.7M(8 bit/color)
Luminance (cd/m ²)	1200
Viewing Angle (CR ≥ 10)	-80~80° (H), -70~80° (V)
Surface Treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 3H
Electrical Interface	CMOS (6 bit/8 bit)
Viewing Direction	Higher Contrast ratio: 6 o'clock Less gray scale reversal: 12 o'clock
Module Size (mm)	103.8(W) × 105.8(H) × 11.9 (D)
Module Mass (g)	155
Backlight Unit	Edge-light, LED

Characteristic value without any note is typical value.

3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	-0.3	4.0	V
Logic Input Voltage	VI	-0.3	6.0	V
Backlight (LED) Current	IF	--	200	mA
Operation Temperature (Panel) <small>Note 1,2)</small>	T _{op(Panel)}	-30	80	°C
Operation Temperature (Ambient) <small>Note 2)</small>	T _{op(Ambient)}	-30	80	°C
Storage Temperature <small>Note 2)</small>	T _{stg}	-30	80	°C

[Note]

1) Measured at the center of active area and at the center of panel back surface

2) Top, T_{stg} ≤ 40°C : 90%RH max. without condensation

Top, T_{stg} > 40°C : Absolute humidity shall be less than the value of 90%RH at 40°C without condensation.

4. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(1) TFT- LCD

Ambient temperature: Ta = 25°C

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Power Supply Voltage for LCD	VCC	3.0	3.3	3.6	V	*1)
Power Supply Current for LCD	ICC	--	330	530	mA	*2)
Permissive Input Ripple Voltage	VRP	--	--	100	mVp-p	VCC = +3.3V
Logic Input Voltage	High	V _{IH}	2.0	--	5.5	V
	Low	V _{IL}	0	--	0.8	V

*1) Power and signals sequence:

$$0.1 \text{ ms} \leq t_1 \leq 10 \text{ ms}$$

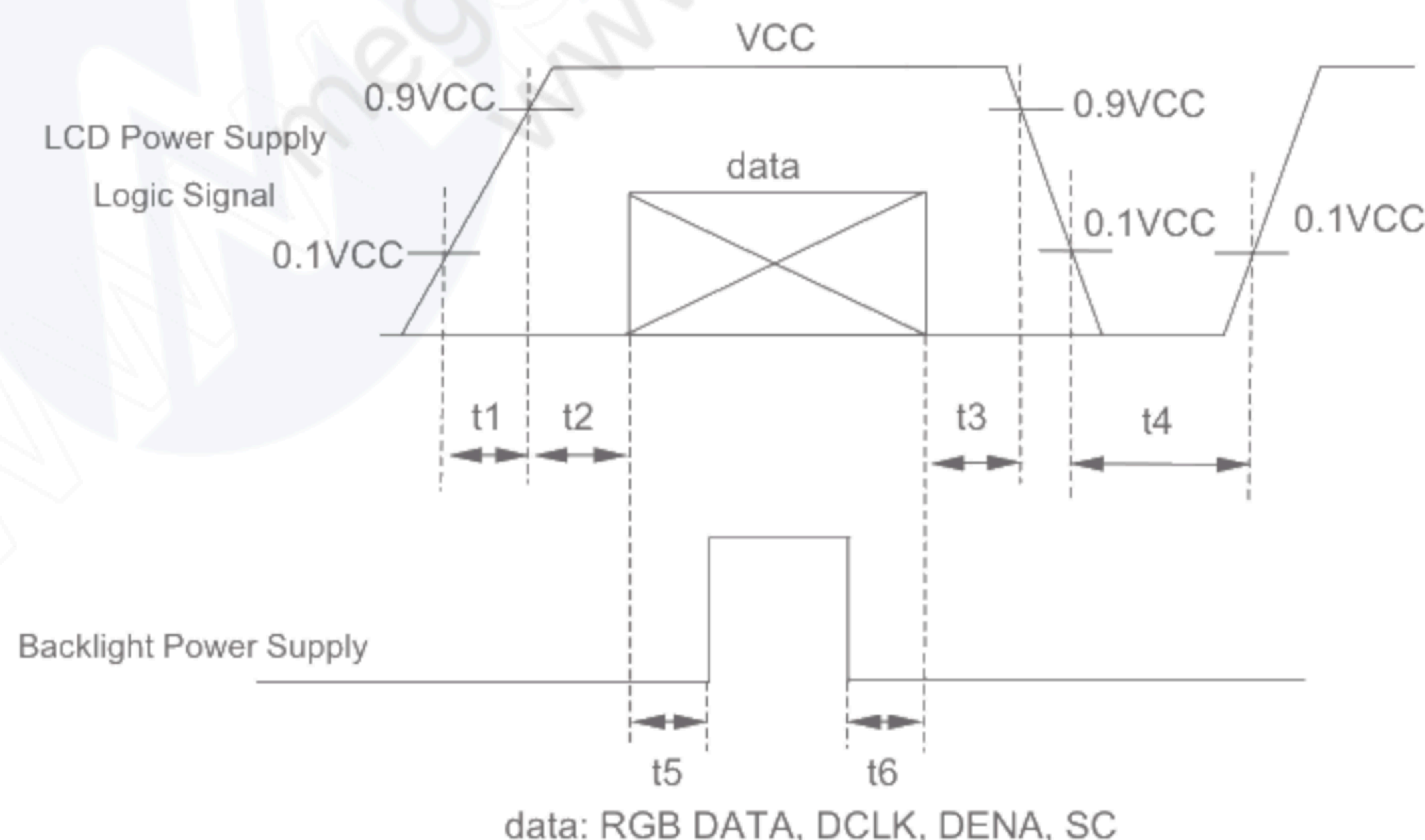
$$200 \text{ ms} \leq t_4$$

$$0 < t_2 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$$

$$200 \text{ ms} \leq t_5$$

$$0 < t_3 \leq 50 \text{ ms}$$

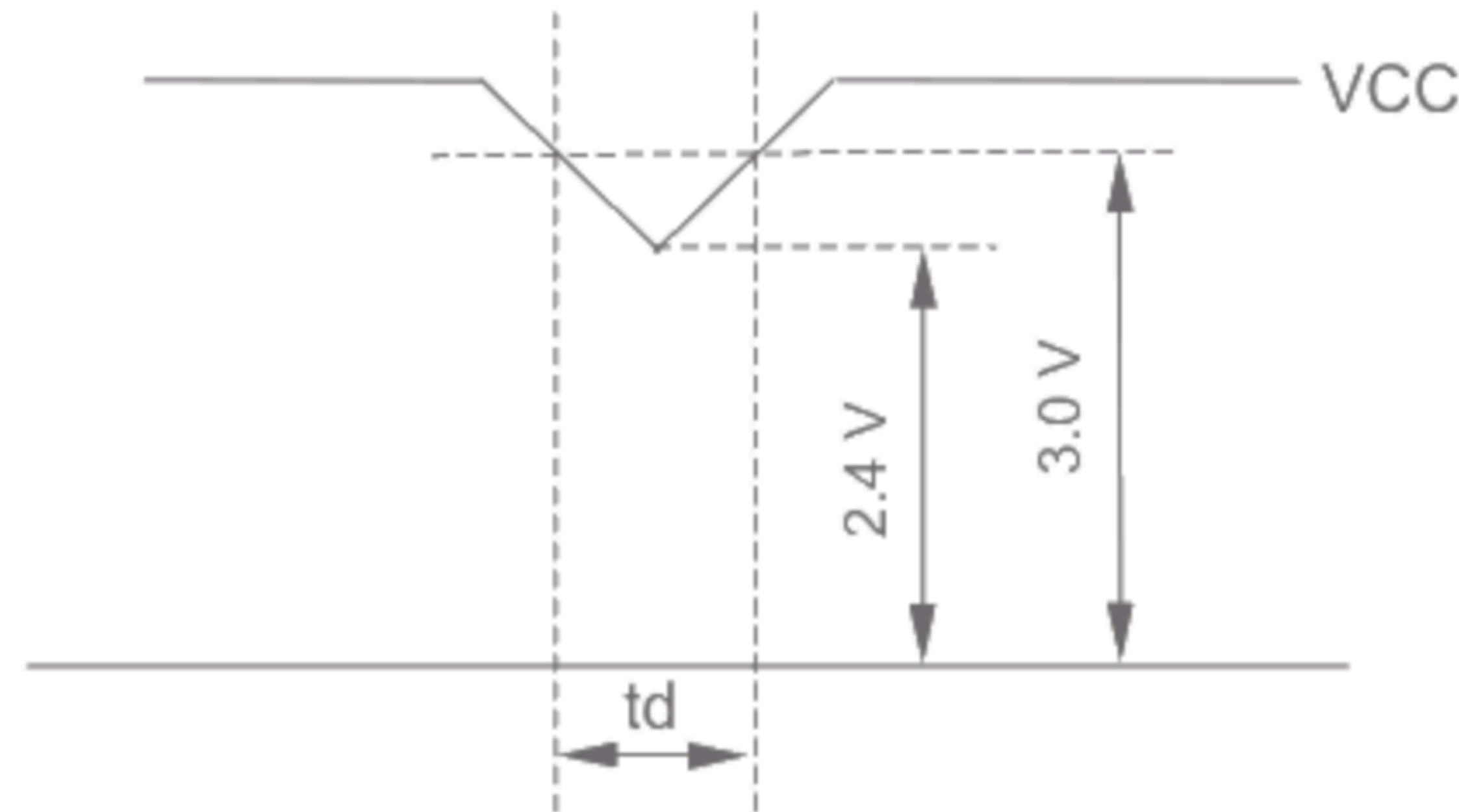
$$0 \leq t_6$$



VCC-dip conditions:

- 1) When $2.4\text{ V} \leq \text{VCC} < 3.0\text{ V}$, $t_d \leq 10\text{ ms}$
- 2) When $\text{VCC} < 2.4\text{ V}$

VCC-dip conditions should also follow the power and signals sequence.



*2) $\text{VCC} = +3.3\text{ V}$, $f_H=40.1\text{kHz}$, $f_V=60\text{Hz}$, $f_{\text{CLK}}=31.8\text{MHz}$

Display image at typical power supply current value is 256-gray-bar pattern (8 bit), 640 line mode.

*3) Fuse

Parameter	Fuse Type Name	Supplier	Remark
VCC	FCC16162AB	Kamaya Electric Co., Ltd.	*)

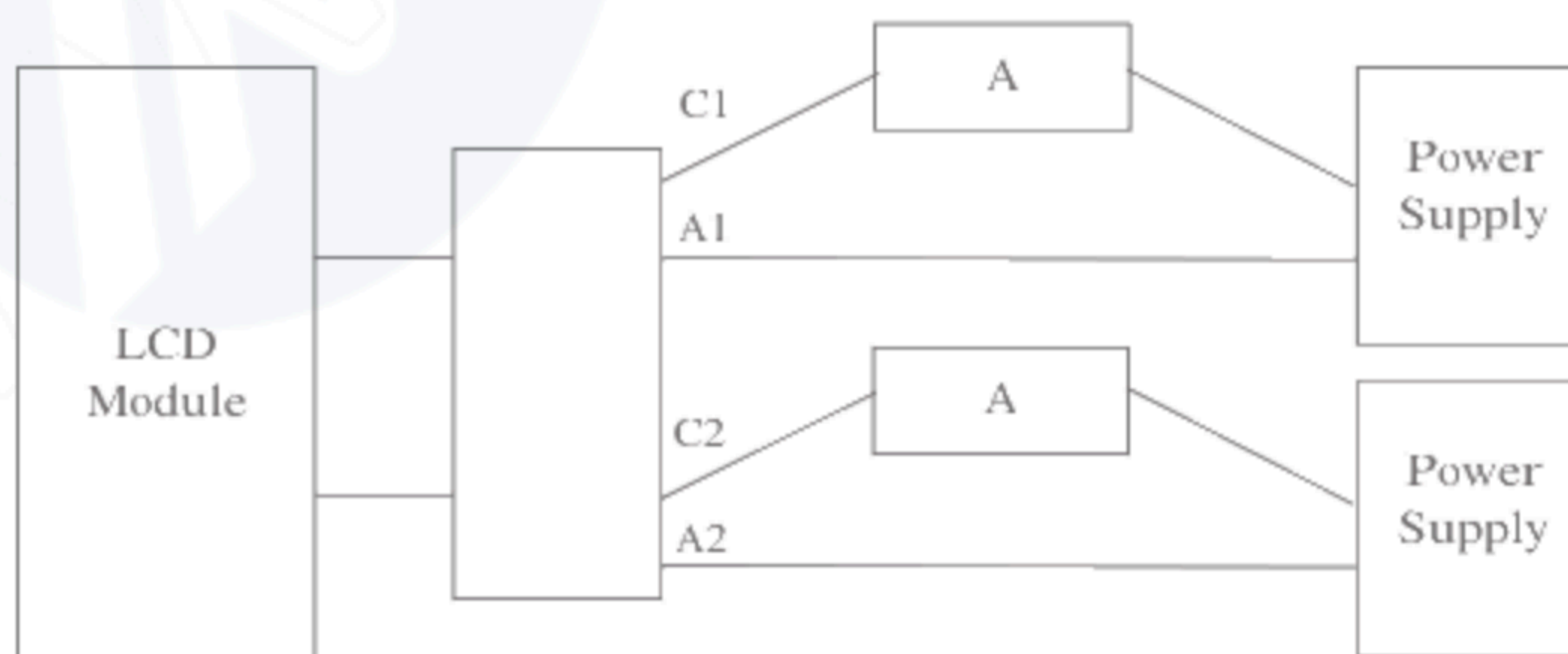
*) The power supply capacity should be designed to be more than the fusing current.

(2) Backlight

ITEM	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
LED Voltage	VF	--	(16)	18	V	IF = 90 mA, Ta = 25°C, *2)
		--	--	18.7	V	IF = 90 mA, Ta = 0°C
		--	--	19.6	V	IF = 90 mA, Ta = -30°C
LED Current	IF	--	90	100	mA	Ta = 25°C, *1), *3)
LED Life Time	LT	80,000	100,000	--	h	IF = 90 mA, Ta = 25°C *4), *5), Continuous operation

[Note]

- *1) Constant Current Drive
- *2) The Voltage deviation between strings: $|V_{f1} - V_{f2}| \leq 2\text{V}$
- *3) LED Current measurement method



- *4) LED life time is defined as the time when the brightness becomes 50% of the initial value.
- *5) The life time of the backlight depends on the ambient temperature. The life time will decrease under high temperature.

5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

(1) CN 1(Interface Signal)

Used connector: 51296-4594 (Molex Japan)

Corresponding connector: FFC or FPC

Pin No.	Symbol	Function
1	GND	
2	DCLK	Clock signal for sampling catch data signal
3	GND	
4	HD	Horizontal sync signal *1)
5	VD	Vertical sync signal *1)
6	GND	
7	R0	Red data signal(LSB) *3)
8	R1	Red data signal *3)
9	R2	Red data signal
10	R3	Red data signal
11	R4	Red data signal
12	R5	Red data signal
13	R6	Red data signal
14	R7	Red data signal(MSB)
15	GND	
16	G0	Green data signal(LSB) *3)
17	G1	Green data signal *3)
18	G2	Green data signal
19	G3	Green data signal
20	G4	Green data signal
21	G5	Green data signal
22	G6	Green data signal
23	G7	Green data signal(MSB)
24	GND	
25	B0	Blue data signal(LSB) *3)
26	B1	Blue data signal *3)
27	B2	Blue data signal
28	B3	Blue data signal
29	B4	Blue data signal
30	B5	Blue data signal
31	B6	Blue data signal
32	B7	Blue data signal(MSB)
33	GND	
34	DENA	Data enable signal (to settle the viewing area)
35	NC	This pin should be open.
36	VCC	3.3 V Power Supply
37	VCC	3.3 V Power Supply
38	NC	This pin should be open.
39	NC	This pin should be open.
40	SC	Scan direction control (Low=Normal, High=Reverse)
41	NC	This pin should be open.
42	LED_C1	LED cathode1
43	LED_C2	LED cathode2
44	LED_A2	LED anode2
45	LED_A1	LED anode1

*1) HD and VD are not being used for timing control.

*2) Metal frame is connected to signal GND.

*3) In case of 6 bit mode, Input signal should be low.

6. INTERFACE TIMING

(1) Timing Specifications

ITEM		SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	
DCLK	Frequency	f _{CLK}	23.9	31.8	40	MHz	
	Period	t _{CLK}	25.2	31.4	41.8	ns	
	Low Width	t _{WCL}	10	--	--	ns	
	High Width	t _{WCH}	10	--	--	ns	
DATA(R,G,B), DENA	Set up time	t _{DS}	4	--	--	ns	
	Hold time	t _{DH}	4	--	--	ns	
DENA	Horizontal	Active Time	t _{HA}	640	640	640	t _{CLK}
		Blanking Time	t _{HB}	20	154	--	t _{CLK}
		Frequency	f _H	30.2	40.1	50.1	kHz
		Period	t _H	20.0	24.9	33.2	μs
	Vertical	Active Time	t _{VA}	640	640	640	t _H
		Blanking Time	t _{VB}	4	30	--	t _H
		Frequency	f _V	55	60	75	Hz
		Period	t _V	13.3	16.7	18.2	ms

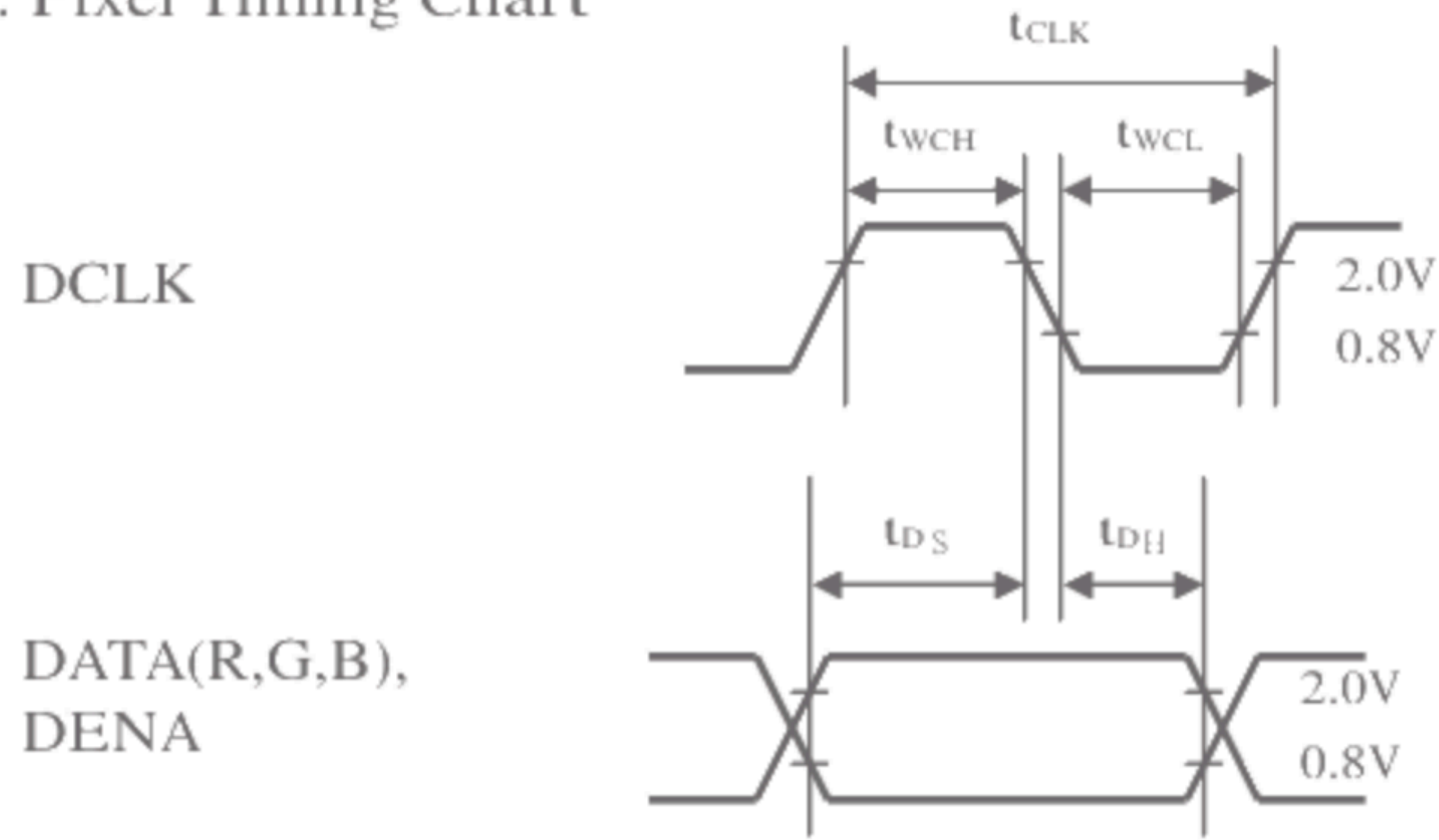
[Note]

- 1) DATA is latched at fall edge of DCLK in this specification.
- 2) DENA (Data Enable) should always be positive polarity as shown in the timing specification.
- 3) DCLK should appear during all invalid period.
- 4) In case of blanking time fluctuation, please satisfy following condition.

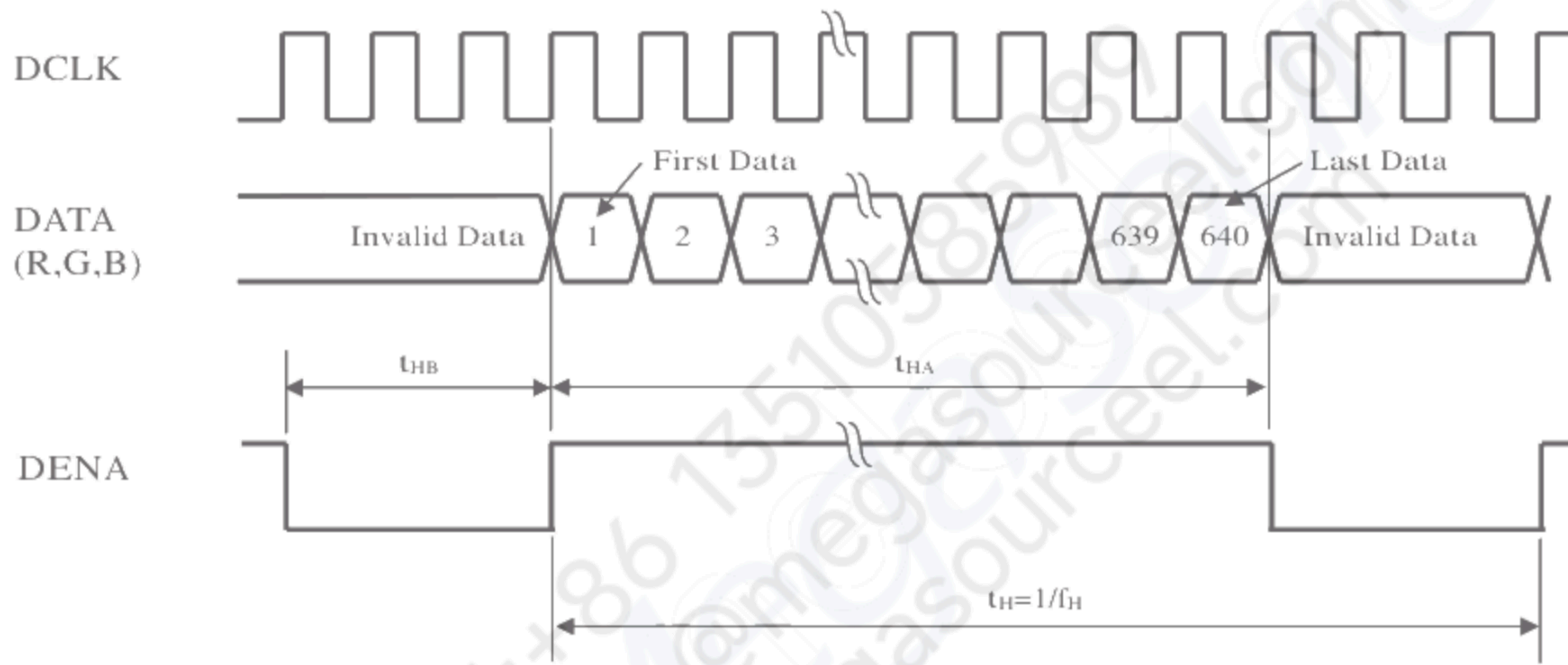
$$t_{VBn} > t_{VBn-1} - 3(t_H)$$

(2) Timing Chart

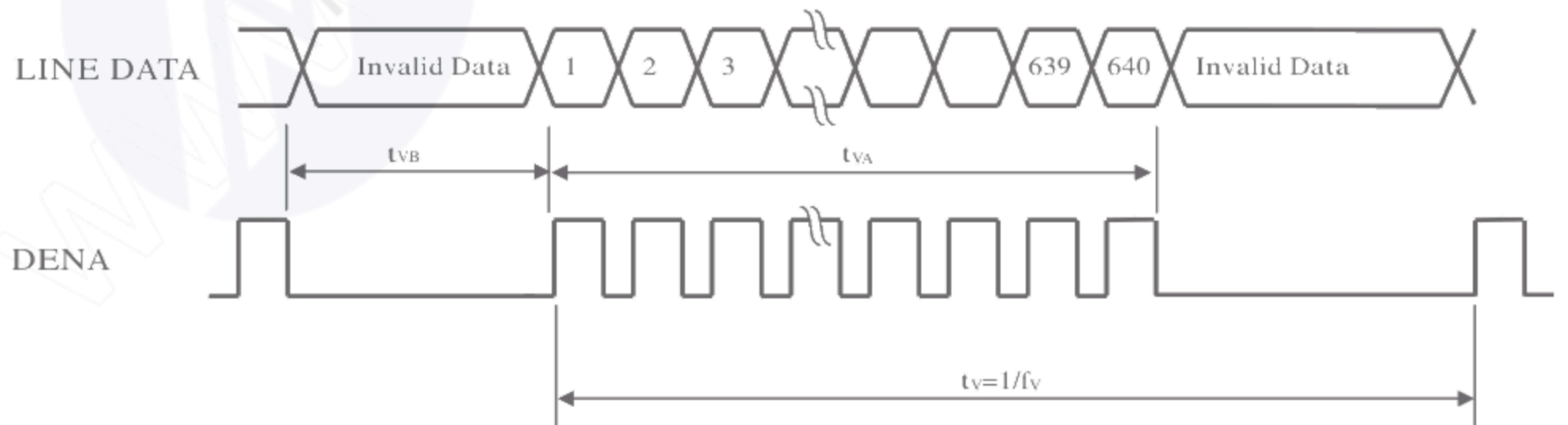
a. Pixel Timing Chart



b. Horizontal Timing Chart



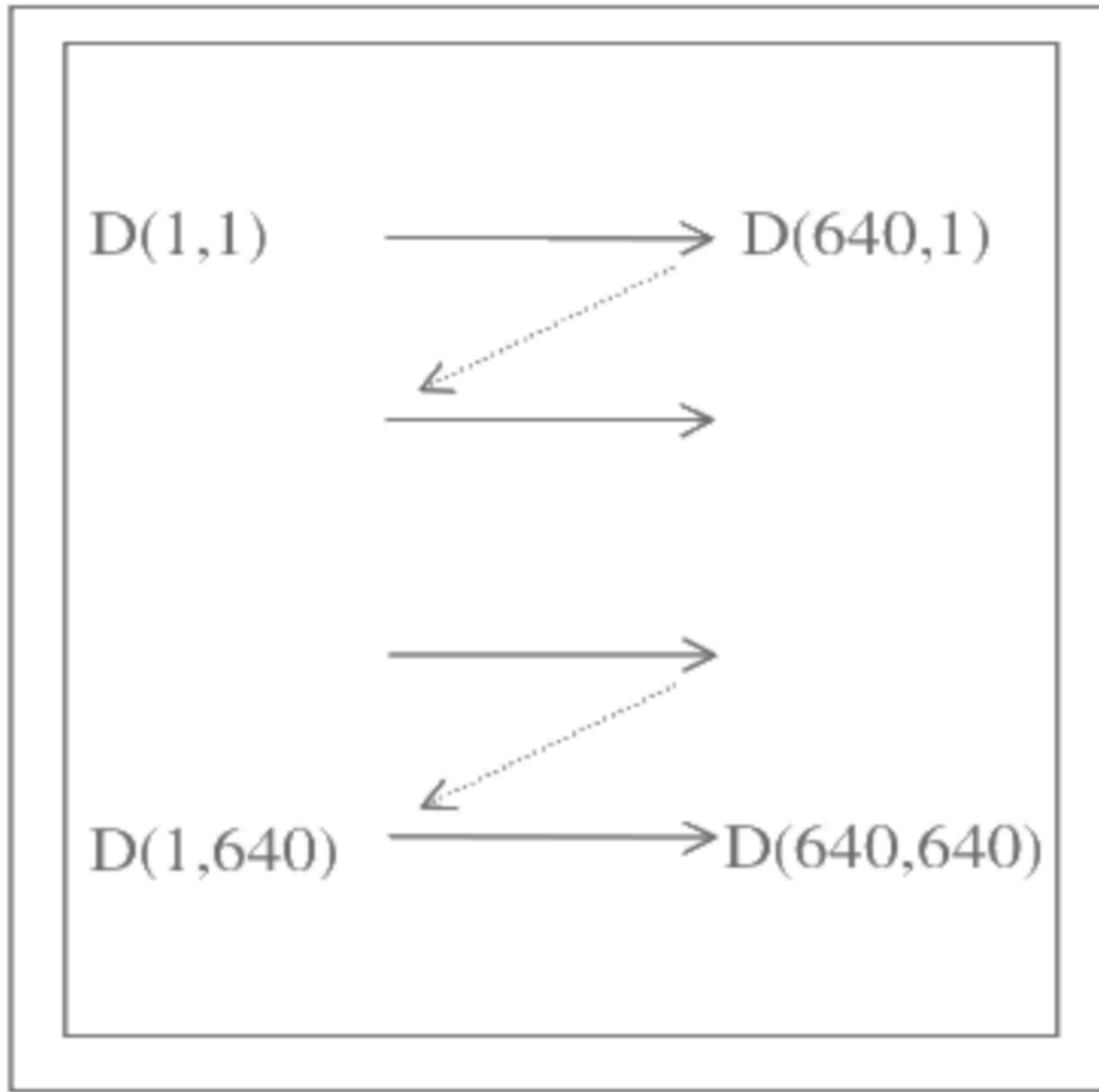
c. Vertical Timing Chart



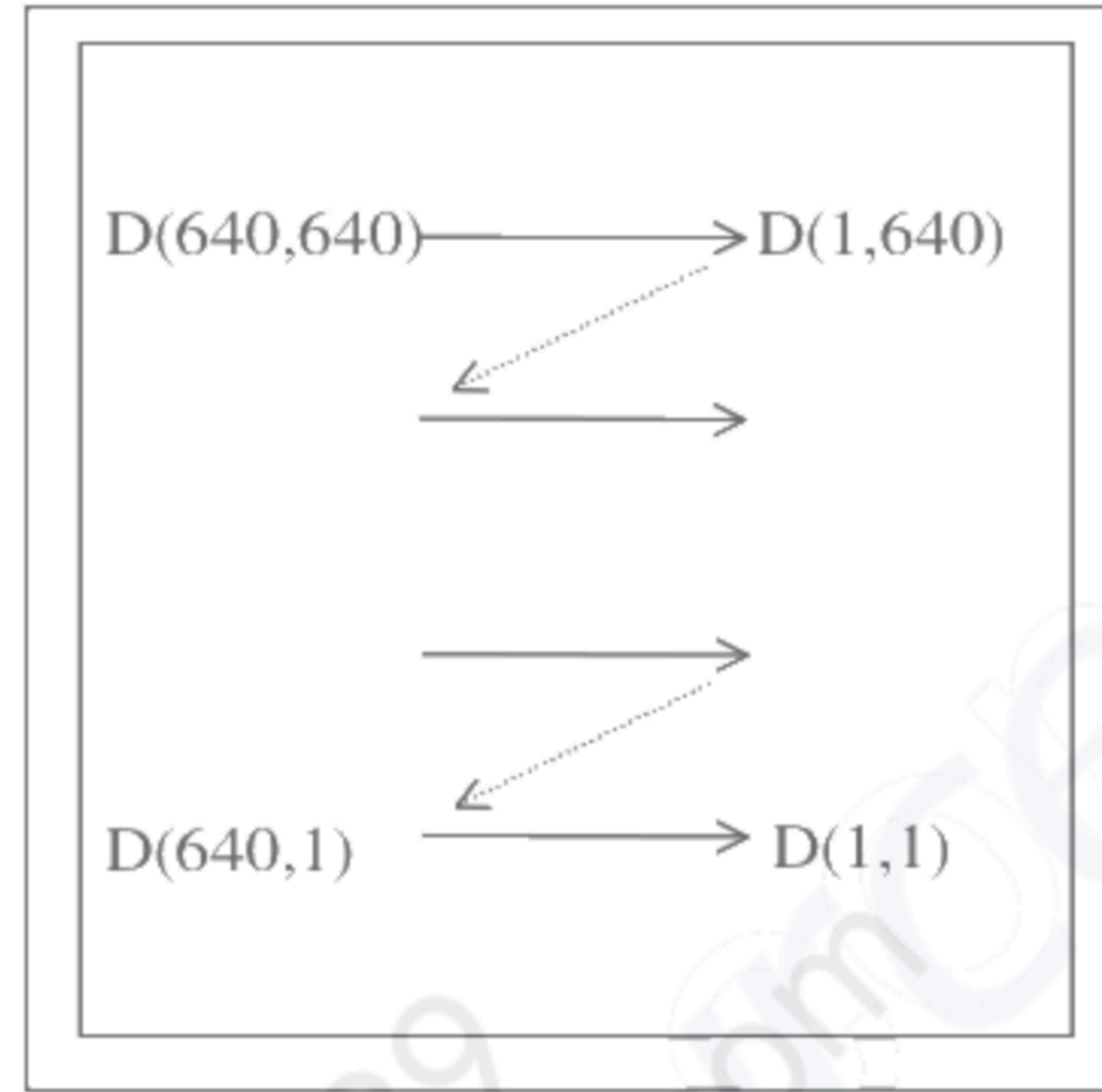
(4) Display Position and Scan Direction

D(X,Y) shows the data number of input signal.

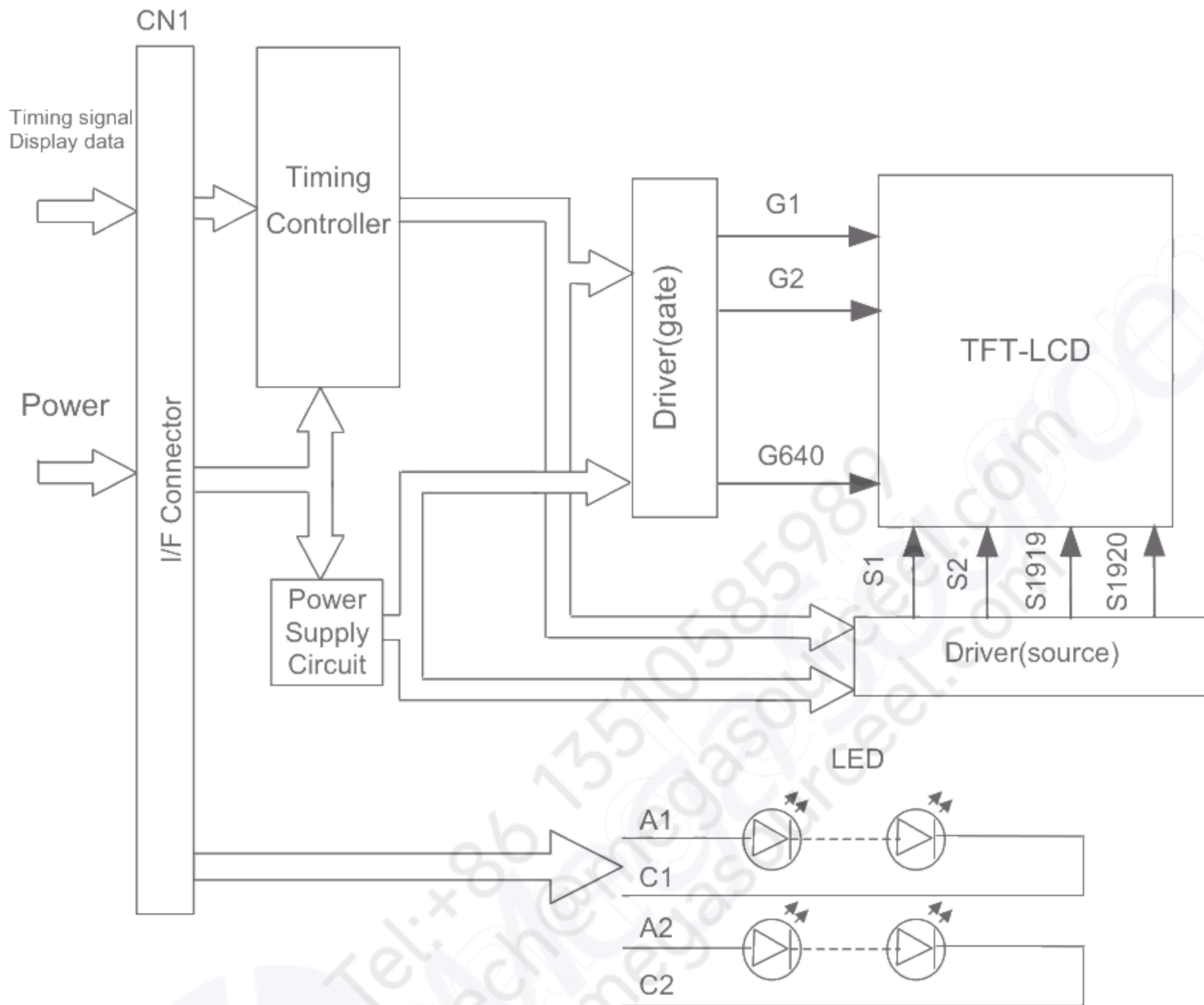
SC: Low



SC: High



7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



9. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C, VCC=3.3 V, Input Signals: Typ. values shown in Section 6

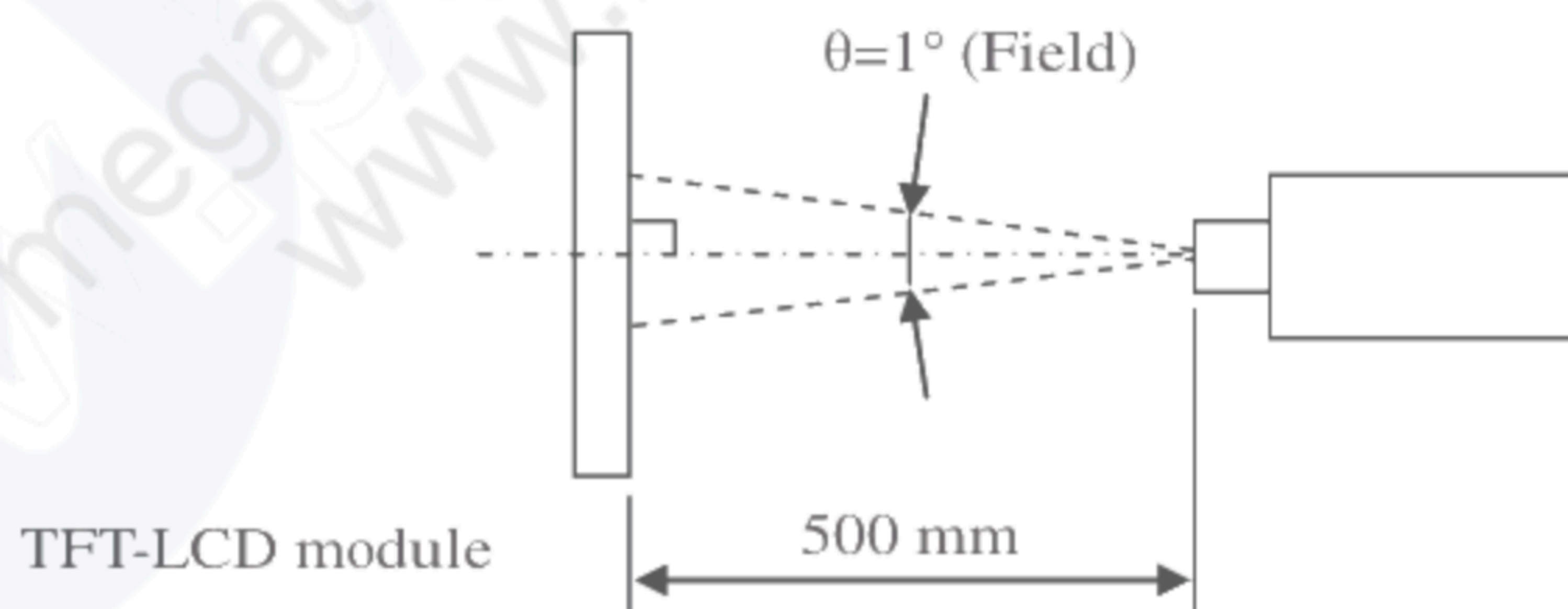
ITEM		SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	Remarks
Contrast Ratio		CR	$\theta_v=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	450	700	--	--	*1)*2)*5)
Luminance		Lw	$\theta_v=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	960	1200	--	cd/m ²	*1)*5)
Luminance Uniformity		ΔLw	$\theta_v=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	--	--	30	%	*1)*3)*5)
Response Time		tr	$\theta_v=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	--	4	--	ms	*1)*4)*5)
		tf	$\theta_v=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	--	12	--	ms	*1)*4)*5)
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	θ_H	CR \geq 10	-65~65	-80~80	--	°	*1)*5)
	Vertical	θ_v		-55~65	-70~80	--	°	*1)*5)
Image Sticking		tis	2 h	--	--	2	s	*6)
Color Coordinates	Red	Rx	$\theta_v=0^\circ, \theta_H=0^\circ$	0.509	0.549	0.589	--	*1)*5)
		Ry		0.316	0.356	0.396		
	Green	Gx		0.299	0.339	0.379		
		Gy		0.499	0.539	0.579		
	Blue	Bx		0.114	0.154	0.194		
		By		0.090	0.130	0.170		
	White	Wx		0.273	0.313	0.353		
		Wy		0.289	0.329	0.369		

[Note]

These items are measured using EZContrast (ELDIM) for viewing angle and CS2000 (Minolta) or equivalent equipment for others under the dark room condition (no ambient light) after more than 30 minutes from turning on the backlight unless noted.

Condition: IF=90 mA

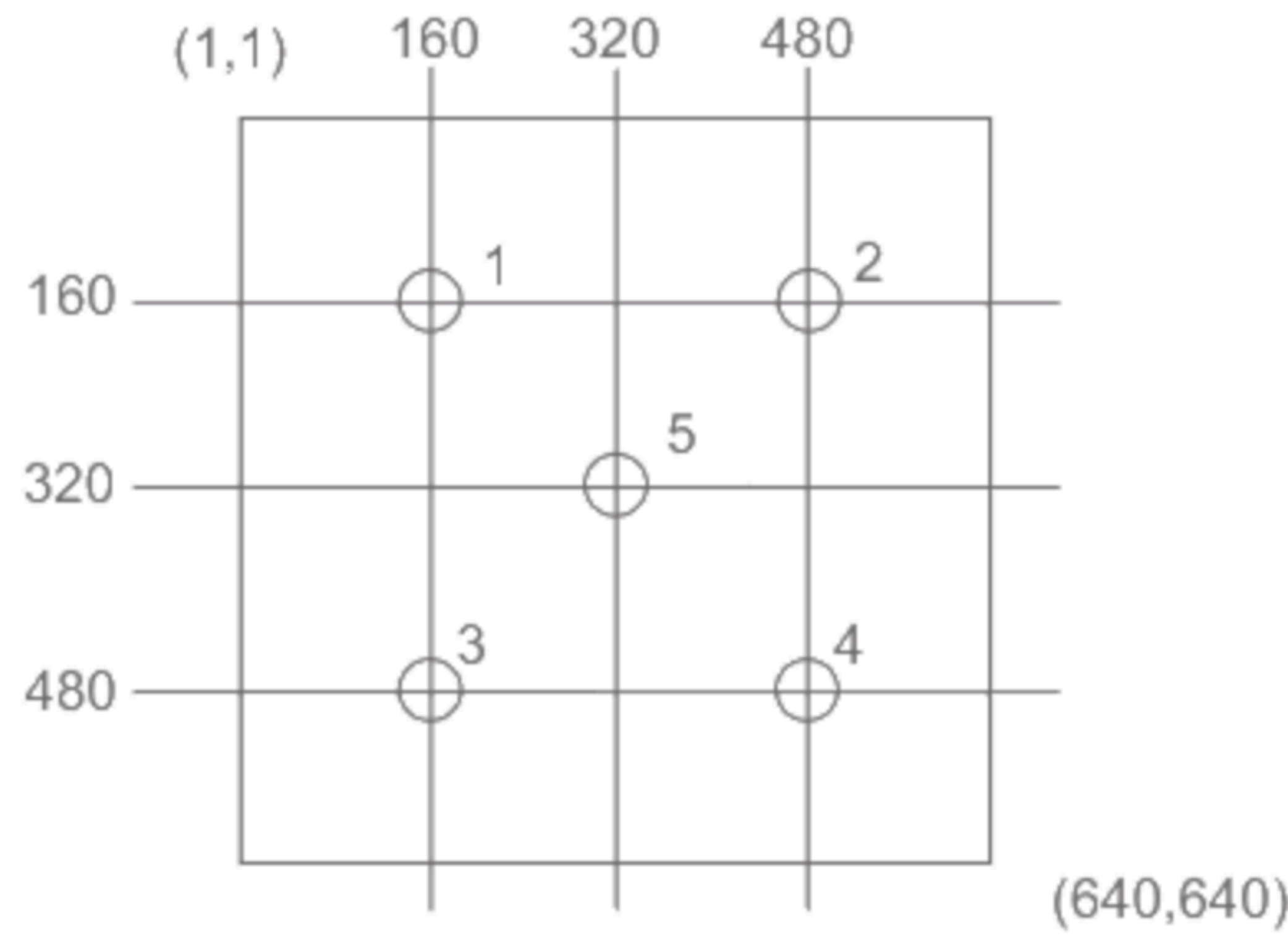
Measurement method for luminance and color coordinates is as follows.



The luminance is measured according to FLAT PANEL DISPLAY MEASUREMENTS STANDARD (VESA Standard).

*1) Measurement Point

Contrast Ratio, Luminance, Response Time, Viewing Angle, Color Coordinates: Display Center
 Luminance Uniformity: point 1~5 shown in a figure below



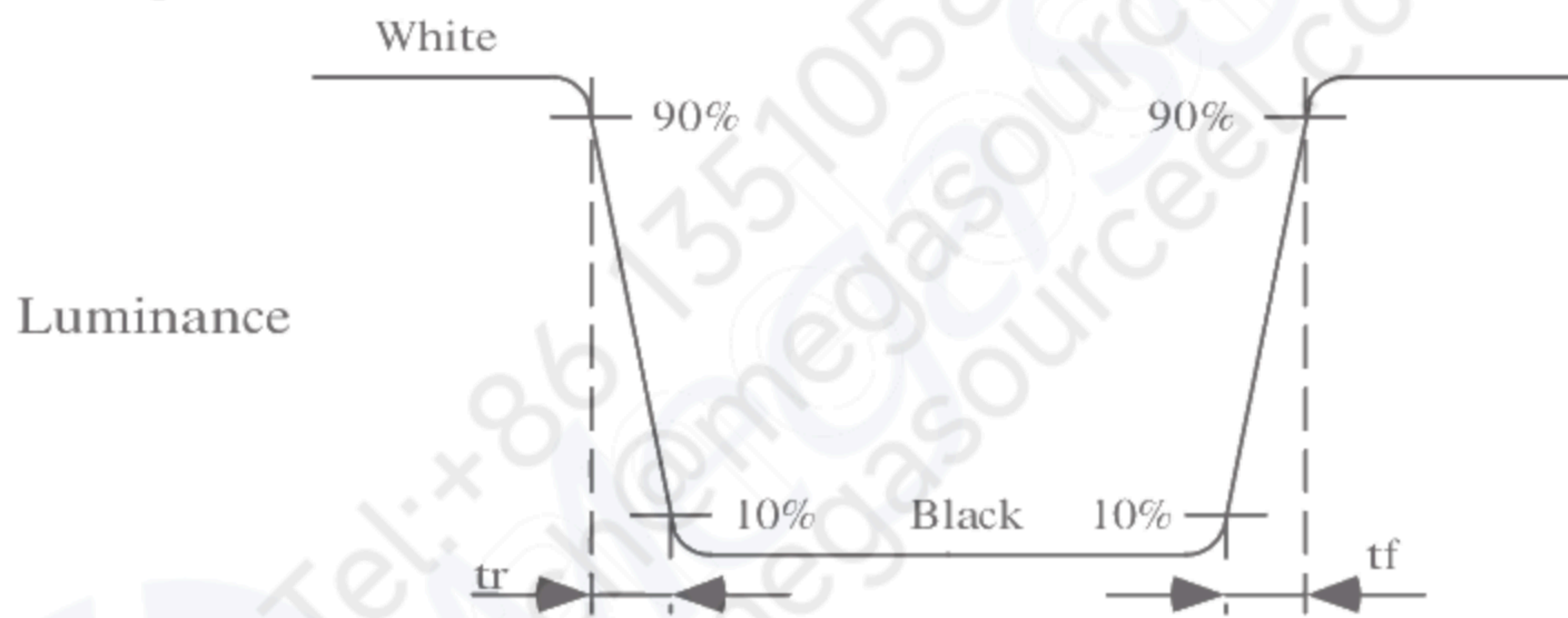
*2) Definition of Contrast Ratio

CR=Luminance with all white pixels / Luminance with all black pixels

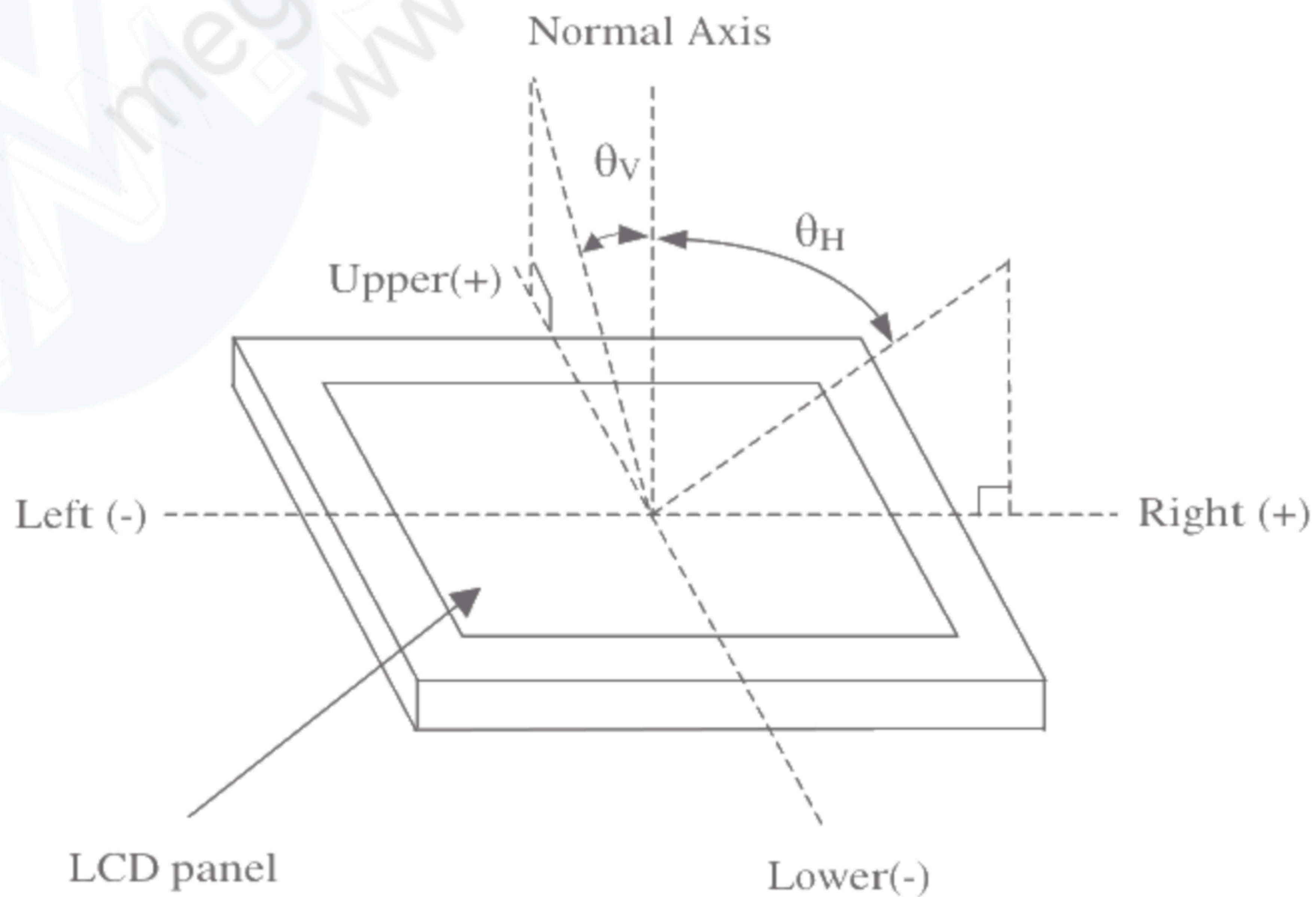
*3) Definition of Luminance Uniformity

$$\Delta Lw = [Lw(\text{MAX})/Lw(\text{MIN}) - 1] \times 100$$

*4) Definition of Response Time

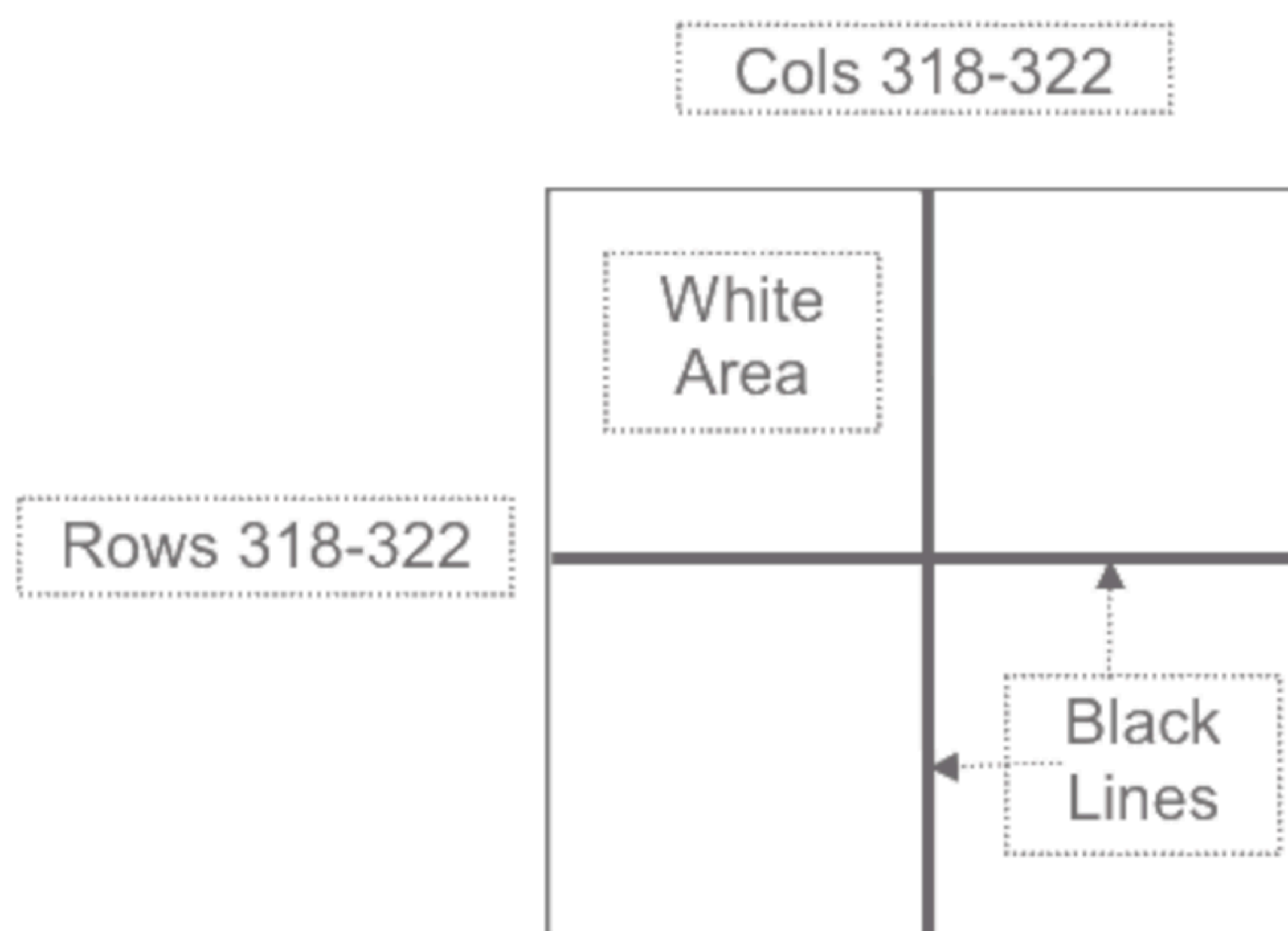


*5) Definition of Viewing Angle (θ_v , θ_H)



*6) Image Sticking

Continuously display the test pattern shown in the figure below for two-hours. Then display a completely white screen. The previous image shall not persist more than two seconds at 25°C.



TEST PATTERN FOR IMAGE STICKING TEST

10. RELIABILITY TEST CONDITION

(1) Temperature and Humidity

ITEM	CONDITIONS
HIGH TEMPERATURE HIGH HUMIDITY OPERATION	40°C, 90%RH, 240 h (No condensation)
HIGH TEMPERATURE OPERATION	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE OPERATION	-30°C, 240 h
HIGH TEMPERATURE STORAGE	80°C, 240 h
LOW TEMPERATURE STORAGE	-30°C, 240 h
THERMAL SHOCK (NON-OPERATION)	-30°C (1h) ~ 80°C(1h), 100 cycles

(2) Shock & Vibration

ITEM	CONDITIONS
SHOCK (NON-OPERATION)	Shock level: 1470m/s ² (150G) Waveform: half sinusoidal wave, 2ms Number of shocks: one shock input in each direction of three mutually perpendicular axis for a total of six shock inputs
VIBRATION (NON-OPERATION)	Vibration level: 9.8m/s ² (1.0G) Waveform: sinusoidal Frequency range: 5 to 500Hz Frequency sweep rate: 0.5 octave /min Duration: one sweep from 5 to 500 Hz in each of three mutually perpendicular axis(total 3 hours)

(3) ESD Test

ITEM	CONDITIONS
CONTACT DISCHARGE (OPERATION)	150pF, 330Ω, ±8kV, 10 times at 1 sec interval
SIGNAL PIN DISCHARGE (NON-OPERATION)	200pF, 0Ω, ±200V, 10 times at 1 sec interval

(4) Judgment standard

The judgment of the above tests should be made as follow:

Pass: Normal display image, no damage of the display function. (ex. no line defect)

Partial transformation of the module parts should be ignored.

Fail: No display image, damage of the display function. (ex. line defect)

11. OTHER FEATURE

This LCD module complies with RoHS^{*)} directive.

^{*)} RoHS: Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment



12. HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR TFT-LCD MODULE

Please pay attention to the followings in handling TFT-LCD products;

(1) ASSEMBLY PRECAUTION

- a. Please mount the LCD module by using mounting hole with a screw clamping torque less than 0.2 Nm. Please do not bend or wrench the LCD module in assembling. Please do not drop, bend or twist the LCD module in handling.
- b. Please design display housing in accordance with the following guide lines.
 - (a) Housing case must be designed carefully so as not to put stress on LCD and not to wrench module. If customer uses compression mounting, please evaluate housing case with LCD carefully to avoid image quality issue caused by mechanical stress.
 - (b) Under high temperature environment, performance and life time of LED may heavily shorten. When you design with our LCD product, please consider radiating heat and ventilation for good heat management.
 - (c) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module back surface and housing when the LCD module is mounted. Approximately 1.0mm of the clearance in the design is recommended taking into account the tolerance of LCD module thickness and mounting structure height on the housing.
 - (d) When some parts, such as, FPC cable and ferrite plate, are installed underneath the LCD module, still sufficient clearance is required, such as 0.5mm. This clearance is, especially, to be reconsidered when the additional parts are implemented for EMI countermeasure.
 - (e) Design the LED driver location and connector position carefully so as not to give stress to LED backlight cable.
 - (f) Keep sufficient clearance between LCD module and the others parts, such as inverter and speaker so as not to interfere the LCD module. Approximately 1.0 mm of the clearance in the design is recommended.
 - (g) To avoid local elevation/decrease of temperature, considering location of heating element, heat release, thermal design should be done.
- c. Please do not push or scratch LCD panel surface with anything hard. And do not soil LCD panel surface by touching with bare hands. (Polarizer film, surface of LCD panel is easy to be flawed.)
- d. Please wipe off LCD panel surface with absorbent cotton or soft cloth in case of it being soiled.
- e. Please wipe off drops of adhesives like saliva and water on LCD panel surface immediately. They might damage to cause panel surface variation and color change.
- f. Please do not take a LCD module to pieces and reconstruct it. Resolving and reconstructing modules may cause them not to work well.
- g. Please do not touch metal frames with bare hands and soiled gloves. A color change of the metal frames can happen during a long preservation of soiled LCD modules.
- h. Please handle metal frame carefully because edge of metal frame is very sharp.

- i. Please connect the metal frame of LCD module to GND in order to minimize the effect of external noise and EMI.
- j. Be sure to connect the cables and the connectors correctly.

(2) OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- a. Please be sure to turn off the power supply before connecting and disconnecting signal input cable.
- b. Please do not change variable resistance settings in LCD module. They are adjusted to the most suitable value. If they are changed, it might happen LCD does not satisfy the characteristics specification.
- c. The interface signal speed is very high. Please pay attention to transmission line design and other high speed signal precautions to satisfy signal specification.
- d. Condensation might happen on the surface and inside of LCD module in case of sudden change of ambient temperature. Please take care so as not to cause any damage mentioned on (1)-d.
- e. Please pay attention not to display the same pattern for very long time. Image sticking might happen on LCD. Although image sticking may disappear as the operation time proceeds, screen saver function is recommended not to cause image sticking.
- f. Please obey the same safe instructions as ones being prepared for ordinary electronic products.

(3) PRECAUTIONS WITH ELECTROSTATICS

- a. This LCD module use CMOS-IC on circuit board and TFT-LCD panel, and so it is easy to be affected by electrostatics. Please be careful with electrostatics by the way of your body connecting to the ground and so on.
- b. Please remove protection film very slowly from the surface of LCD module to prevent from electrostatics occurrence.

(4) STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

LCD should be stored in the room temperature environment with normal humidity. The LCD inventory should be processed by first-in first-out method.

(5) SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- a. When you waste damaged or unnecessary LCDs, it is recommended to crush LCDs into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- b. If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.
- c. Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the LED backlight cable.

d. LED driver should be designed carefully to limit or stop its function when over current is detected on the LED.

(6) OTHERS

- a. A strong incident light into LCD panel may cause deterioration to polarizer film, color filter, and other materials, which will degrade the quality of display characteristics. Please do not expose LCD module under strong Ultraviolet rays for a long time.
- b. Please pay attention to a panel side of LCD module not to contact with other materials in preserving it alone.
- c. For the packaging box handling, please see and obey with the packaging specification datasheet.